



Food Waste Recycling Project

An Ongoing Collaborative Project Model for Sustaining Student Learning, Success, and Creativity Through Experiential Learning







Collaborative Project Team

Top (from left)

- Bassam Matar (Engineering)
- Yvonne Reineke (English)
- Kanapathipillai Prabakaran (Engineering)

Bottom (from left)

- Jay Linford (Environmental Tech Center)
- Miriam Kleinman (Biology)
- Michele Marsee (English)
- Mary Beth Burgoyne (Library)







3 bin waste collection system in the cafeteria accompanied by student-designed educational posters

SAVE THE ENVIRONMENT SORT YOUR LEFTOVERS PLEFT OVER CAN IT BE LEFT OVER FOOD? LANDFILL? GREEN FOOD WASTE BIN **BLACK LANDFILL BIN** HELP ENRICH OUR SOILS. REDUCE SIX FEET OF KEEP OUR COMPOST SAVE WATER, & INCREASE LANDFILL BY RECYCLING & RECYCLABLES CROP PRODUCTION YOUR PAPER & PLASTICS CLEAN Experiential Learning | Student Project Flyer





Student-designed educational flyers about the Food Waste Recycling Program









Food Waste Collection & Compost



Biology students
weigh and
traditionally
compost the food
waste collected on
campus (during
food digester
construction)











FALL 2018 - SPRING 2019



1,370 POUNDS OF FOOD WASTE

collected on campus & diverted from the landfill

37% CONTAMINATION RATE

from non-food items in cafeteria collection bins



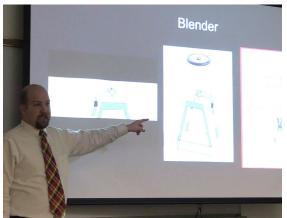






Digester Design Presentations







Engineering students present four different designs to a panel of reviewers from various campus departments (including CGCC's President)



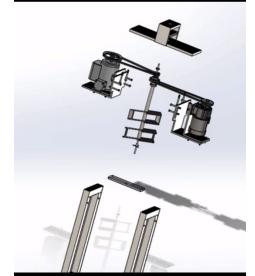




3-D rendering of the food waste digester

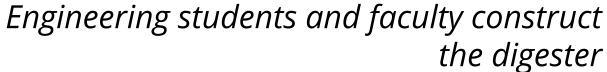
Engineering students created a model in SolidWorks CAD software and produced a 3-D printed small scale model before constructing the full size machine

















Food Digester Machine Completed



The machine was completed at the end of Spring 2019, and successfully completed its first test run!







Food Digester Pilot Test

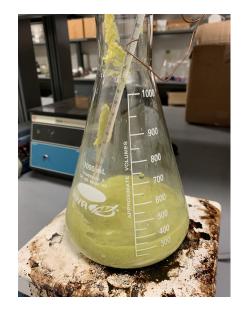






Comparative Plant Studies

A test batch of organic liquid fertilizer was created in the Biology lab for plant analysis while the digester machine was under construction











Comparative Plant Studies

- Plants were divided into 3 groups: organic fertilizer, conventional chemical fertilizer, control group
- Fertilizer was applied over the course of 6 weeks







Comparative Plant Studies



- After 6 weeks of fertilizer treatment, plants were removed from the soil for analysis.
- Root and shoot length were measured, then plants were dried and weighed.







Comparative Plant Studies: Results

Root and Shoot Analysis of Pea Plants

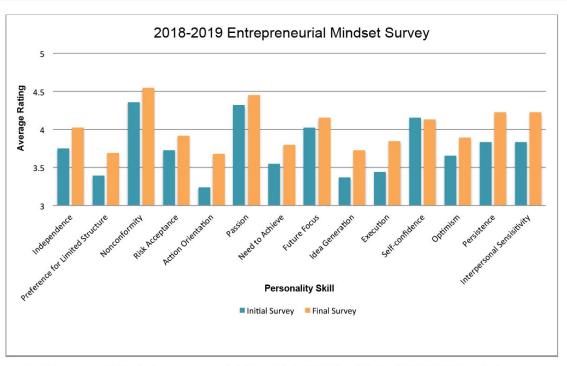


Pea plants were treated with water (control), chemical fertilizer (chemical), or food waste fertilizer (Food Waste) for 6 weeks. Plants were harvested at 6 weeks and root system separated for shoot system. Roots and shoots were dried in a drying over (60oC for 6 hrs) and weighed to obtain dry mass (graph-left). Representative images of pea plants for each treatment group are shown (right).





Survey assessing the impact of this project on the personal mindset of project participants in Biology



The Entrepreneurial Mindset survey was administered to Fall 2018 and Spring 2019 BIO181 students participating in the Food Waste Recycling Project. An initial survey was conducted on the first day of class and the final survey was conducted following the completion of the assigned experiential-learning semester project. Initial Survey n=88; Final Survey n=63





Future Plans



- Daily food waste processing using the food digester
- Assessing the organic liquid fertilizer formula on campus plant life
- Community partnerships and grant opportunities
- Incorporating additional academic disciplines
- Expanding awareness through broader marketing campaigns

